Arkansas 2017

Individual Income Tax

Forms and Instructions

Long Booklet Full Year Resident Part Year Resident Nonresident



Governor Asa Hutchinson

7 Simple Reasons to e-file!

- ◆ Faster Refunds: With Direct Deposit
- Direct Debit Payments
- Filing Confirmation Provided
- If You Qualify, It's Free
- Makes Complex Returns Easy
- ▼ File Federal & State Forms Together
- Secure

ATAP

Arkansas Taxpayer Access Point (ATAP) allows taxpayers or their representatives to log on to a secure site and manage their account online.

Access ATAP at www.atap.arkansas.gov to:

- Make name and address changes
- View account letters
- Make payments
- Check refund status

(Registration is not required to make payments or to check refund status.)

Arkansas **e≠fil**e

Free File Alliance:

As a member of the "Free File Alliance", the State of Arkansas offers certain taxpayers the opportunity to electronically file their return with no fee. If you meet the specified criteria (including income, military service, or eligibility for federal Earned Income Tax Credit) you may be eligible for this program.

For details go to: www.arkansas.gov/efile

Where's My Refund?

Check your refund status at www.atap.arkansas.gov

Identity Theft has been a growing problem nationally and the Department is taking additional measures to ensure tax refunds are issued to the correct individuals. These additional measures may result in tax refunds not being issued as quickly as in past years.

Pay tax by credit card

(Vendor charges nominal fee)

www.officialpayments.com or call (800) 272-9829

For your questions/comments:

Manager, Individual Income Tax P. O. Box 3628 Little Rock, AR 72203-3628

TAX HELP AND FORMS



Internet

You can access the Department of Finance and Administration's website at **www.dfa.arkansas.gov.**

- Check the status of your refund
- Get current and prior year forms and instructions
- Access latest income tax info and archived news
- Get e-file information

You can e-mail questions to:

individual.income@dfa.arkansas.gov



Phone

Individual Income Tax Hotline......(501) 682-1100 **or** (800) 882-9275

Representatives are available to assist callers at the numbers above during normal business hours (Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.) with:

- Taxpayer Assistance
- Forms
- Audit and Examination
- Notices Received
- Amended Returns
- Payment Information

For hearing impaired access, call (800) 285-1131 using a Text Telephone Device (for Spanish, call (866) 656-1842).

Other useful phone numbers:

Business Incentive Credits	(501)	682-710	6
Withholding Tax	(501)	682-729	0
Collections	(501)	682-500	0
Revenue Legal Counsel	(501)	682-703	0
Corporate Income Tax	(501)	682-477	5
Sales and Use Tax	(501)	682-710	4
Problem Resolution and	(501)	682-775	1
Tax Information Office (Offers In	n Com	promise))

Internal Revenue Service	(800)	829-1040
Social Security Administration	(800)	772-1213



Forms

To obtain a booklet or forms you may:

- Access our website at: www.arkansas.gov/incometax
- 2. Visit your county revenue office
- 3. Visit your local library or
- 4. Call the Individual Income Tax Hotline (501) 682-1100 **or** (800) 882-9275

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- View account letters
- Make payments
- Check refund status

(Registration is not required to make payments or to check refund status.)



Mail

Choose the appropriate address below to mail your return:

TAX DUE RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax P.O. Box 2144 Little Rock, AR 72203-2144

REFUND RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax P.O. Box 1000 Little Rock, AR 72203-1000

NO TAX DUE/REFUND RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax P.O. Box 8026 Little Rock, AR 72203-8026

Be sure to apply sufficient postage or your return will not be delivered by the U.S. Postal Service.



Walk-In

Representatives are available to assist walk-in taxpayers with income tax questions, but are **not available to prepare your return.**

No appointment is necessary, but plan to arrive before 4:00 p.m. to allow sufficient time for assistance.

The Individual Income Tax Office is located in Room 2300, Ledbetter Building, at 1816 W. 7th Street in Little Rock.

Office hours are Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

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ELECTRONIC FILING

www.arkansas.gov/efile

- **E-file is hassle-free**—both your federal and Arkansas income tax returns can be filed electronically in one transmission.
- **E-file is smart**—computer programs catch 98% of tax return errors.
- ➤ E-file is worry-free-receive acknowledgement within 2 to 3 business days if your return has been received and accepted.

Arkansas participates in the Federal/State Electronic Filing Program for Individual Income Tax. The program is available to most full year residents and certain qualifying nonresidents and part year residents.

Since Arkansas is a member of the **"Free File Alliance,"** depending on the level of income, taxpayers may qualify to file returns for free. (Go to **www.arkansas.gov/efile** for details.)

Over 300,000 taxpayers took advantage of online filing last year. The same advantages are obtained by online filing as by electronic filing, but it does not require a preparer. For a nominal fee your federal and state returns can be prepared and filed electronically.

The State of Arkansas is requesting additional information this filing season in an effort to combat identity tax fraud and ensure that your hard-earned tax refund goes to you. Providing information from your driver's license or state-issued identification card will help protect your identity and could help process your return quicker. However, this is only a request. Information from your driver's license is not required, and your return will be processed without the additional information. The information is being requested solely to help protect your identity and ensure a more-secure refund.

PAY BY CREDIT CARD

(Vendor charges nominal fee)



www.officialpayments.com or call (800) 272-9829

SPECIAL INFORMATION FOR TAX YEAR 2017

Capital Gains Exemption (Act 1173 of 2015): For tax year 2017, the exemption for net capital gains is 50% for the entire year.

Teacher Classroom Investment Deduction (Act 666 of 2017): Beginning with tax year 2017, a deduction is allowed for a qualified classroom investment expense by a teacher as defined in this Act. The deduction is limited to \$250 per taxpayer or \$500 for married filing jointly if each taxpayer is a teacher.

Community Match Rural Physician Recruitment Program Incentives (Act 763 of 2017):

Beginning with tax year 2017, income received by a taxpayer under the Community Match Rural Physician Recruitment Program is exempt from income tax.

Tuition Savings Account Deduction Carry-forwards (Act 481 of 2017): Beginning on August 1, 2017, if total contributions to the Tax-Deferred Tuition Savings Program exceeds \$5,000 per taxpayer in any tax year then the amount over the limit of \$5,000 may be carried forward to the next succeeding four (4) tax years.

Non-Arkansas Tuition Savings Programs (Act 883 of 2017): Beginning with tax year 2017, a deduction of up to \$3,000 is allowed for contributions to a Tax-Deferred Tuition Savings Program established by another state under 26 U.S.C. § 529 if the amount is not deducted in the other state or on the other state's income taxes.

Income Tax Technical Corrections Act (Act 155 of 2017): Adopted the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) in effect as of January 1, 2017 for the following sections of the IRC: 529, 664, 117, 108, 1017, 105, 132, 1361, 267, 351, 354-358, 361, 362, 367, 368, 72, 219, 402-404, 406-416, 457, 163, 170, 167, 168(a)-(j), 851 et seq., 80a-1 et seq., and 1202. Provisions concerning Child Support Payments and Gambling Losses were clarified.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR TAX YEAR 2018

Military Retirement Exemption (Act 141 of 2017): Beginning with tax year 2018, retirement benefits received by a member of the uniformed services as defined in this Act are exempted from income tax.

Unemployment Income Taxable (Act 141 of 2017): Beginning with tax year 2018, Unemployment Compensation received will no longer be exempt income and is subject to the income tax.

IDENTITY THEFT

In recent years identity theft associated with income tax returns has become an increasingly severe problem. Sometimes thieves steal a taxpayer's Social Security Number and other private information then use this information to file tax returns and receive refunds that were not due to them.

If you believe your identity may have been used to file an Arkansas state tax return, these are the steps we suggest you take:

- ➤ Contact us at (501) 682-1100 to report that your identity may have been stolen and request a hold on your account to stop all fraudulent refunds.
- ➤ Contact the IRS Identity Protection Specialized Unit at **(800) 908-4490** and inform them that your identity was stolen and may have been used to file a fraudulent tax return. You should complete IRS Form 14039, an identity theft affidavit, to support your claim.
- Send a copy of the stamped IRS identity theft affidavit form to:

Arkansas Individual Income Tax PO Box 3628 Little Rock, AR 72203-3628

- Contact the credit bureaus to ensure there have not been any other thefts related to your identity, and ask to have a fraud alert put on your credit report. The numbers to the credit bureaus are listed below:
 - Equifax (800) 525-6285
 - Experian (888) 397-3742
 - Trans-Union (800) 680-7289

IF THE IRS AUDITS YOU

If the Internal Revenue Service examines your return for any tax year and changes your net taxable income, you must report the changes to the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration within one hundred eighty (180) days from the receipt of the notice and demand for payment by the Internal Revenue Service.

File an Amended Individual Income Tax Return, for the year(s) involved reporting the changes to your state return. **Attach** a copy of the federal changes.

If you fail to notify this Department within one hundred eighty **(180)** days and do not file the required amended return, the Statute of Limitations will remain open for three **(3)** years on the year(s) in question. Additional interest will be figured on any tax you owe the State of Arkansas.

INFORMATION EXCHANGE PROGRAMS WITH THE IRS

Under authorization of Internal Revenue Code Section 6103(D) the State of Arkansas participates in several information exchange programs with the Internal Revenue Service:

- CP2000: The IRS matches income reported on a taxpayer's federal income tax return with documents (W-2s, 1099s, etc.) provided to the IRS by the payer to determine whether income was omitted from the taxpayer's return. If unreported income is discovered, the IRS assesses additional federal tax on the omitted income then notifies the State of Arkansas. The taxpayer's state tax return is then reviewed for unreported income. (Some examples of commonly omitted income include wages, pensions, and cancellation of debt.)
- Revenue Agent Reports "RARs": When the IRS adjusts a taxpayer's federal income tax return as the result of an audit, details are provided to the State of Arkansas. The taxpayer's state tax return is then reviewed and adjusted if appropriate. (Some examples of RAR adjustments include disallowance of deductions, expenses, or dependents and assessment of early withdrawal penalties.)
- Non-filer Identification: The IRS provides the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration with a list of taxpayers who filed federal returns using Arkansas addresses. This information is then compared with Arkansas income tax records to identify individuals who filed federal returns using Arkansas addresses but did not file Arkansas returns. Letters are sent inquiring whether the taxpayer is required to file. The taxpayer should file the return in question or provide documentation why he/she is not required to file. If a sufficient response is not received, state tax is assessed using amounts reported on the taxpayer's federal return, and the taxpayer is mailed a Notice of Proposed Assessment.

PRESERVATION OF TAX RECORDS

A taxpayer who files an Arkansas income tax return is required to retain records to prove the accuracy of that return. The records must be retained for at least six (6) years (unless otherwise provided by law) and are subject to examination by the Director at any reasonable time during that period.

When a taxpayer fails to preserve and maintain the required records, the director may make an estimated assessment based upon any available information as to the amount of tax due by the taxpayer. Per ACA 26-18-506, the burden of proof of refuting this estimated assessment is upon the taxpayer.

REQUEST FOR COPIES OF ARKANSAS TAX RETURNS

If your tax return was completed by a paid tax preparer, he/she should be able to provide a copy of the return. If you used a software product to prepare your tax return, you should be able to print a copy of the tax return from the software used. Otherwise to request a copy of your Arkansas tax return, please complete and submit Form **AR4506**. Form **AR4506** may be downloaded from our website at: **www.arkansas.gov/incometax.**



Military Pay Exemption (Act 1408 of 2013)

Created a 100% exemption from income tax for service pay or allowance received by an active duty member of the armed forces for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Active duty includes all members of the armed forces, including the National Guard and Reserve Units.

Military Spouses Residency Relief Act

Exempts a military spouse's income from Arkansas tax if the servicemember's Home of Record is not Akansas and the spouse's domicile is the same as the service member's Home of Record. Effective January 1, 2009. Write the words "military spouse" at top of tax return and attach a completed Form **AR-MS** (available at **www.arkansas.gov/incometax**) and a copy of service member's Leave and Earning Statement (LES) to verify Home of Record. (For future tax purposes, the nonmilitary spouse must submit a new payroll withholding form **ARW-4MS**, to his/her employer each year to exempt future withholding.)

The Military Family Tax Relief Act of 2003 (Act 372 of 2009)

This act adopts IRC 121, 134, and 162 as in effect on January 1, 2009. Provisions of this act include exclusion of gain on sale of principal residence, deduction of overnight travel expenses for National Guard and Reserve members, and exclusion from income of "qualified military benefits".

The Servicemembers Civil Relief Act

Deferral of Tax - Upon notice to the Internal Revenue Service or the tax authority of a state or a political subdivision of a state, the collection of income tax on the income of a servicemember falling due before or during military service shall be deferred for a period not more than 180 days after termination of or release from military service, if a service member's ability to pay such income tax is materially affected by military service.

Accrual of Interest or Penalty - No interest or penalty shall accrue for the period of deferment by reason of nonpayment on any amount of tax deferred under this section.

Statute of Limitations - The running of a statute of limitations against the collection of tax deferred under this section, by seizure or otherwise, shall be suspended for the period of military service of the servicemember and for an additional period of 270 days thereafter.

Residence or Domicile - A servicemember shall neither lose nor acquire a residence or domicile for purposes of taxation with respect to the person, personal property, or income of the servicemember by reason of being absent or present in any tax jurisdiction of the United States solely in compliance with military orders.

Military Service Compensation - Compensation of a servicemember for military service shall not be deemed to be income for services performed or from sources within a tax jurisdiction of the United States if the servicemember is not a resident or domiciliary of the jurisdiction in which the servicemember is serving in compliance with military orders.

RETIRED MILITARY PERSONNEL

Extension of Time for Veterans (Retirees) to File for Refund (Act 238 of 2009)

This act extends the statute of limitations for a veteran to file a claim for refund of an overpayment that results from retroactive determination by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs that part or all of the uniformed service retirement payments to the taxpayer are payments made for a service-connected disability and are not included in gross income. Effective January 1, 2001.

DEFINITIONS

GROSS INCOME

Gross income is any and all income (before deductions) other than income specifically described as exempt from tax on pages 9 and 10 "Exempt From Income Tax".

Exception: The \$6,000 exemption on retirement income and the exemption on U.S. active duty military income as described on page 10 are included in gross income.

DOMICILE

This is the place you intend to have as your permanent home and the place you intend to return to whenever you are away. You can have only one domicile. Your domicile does not change until you move to a new location which you intend to make your permanent home. If you move to a new location but intend to stay there only for a limited time (no matter how long), your domicile does not change. This also applies if you are working in a foreign country.

FULL YEAR RESIDENT

You are a full year resident if you lived in Arkansas all of calendar year 2017, or if you have maintained a domicile or Home of Record in Arkansas during the tax year.

NONRESIDENT

You are a nonresident if you did not make your domicile in Arkansas.

PART YEAR RESIDENT

You are a part year resident if you established a domicile in Arkansas or moved out of the state during calendar year 2017.

MILITARY PERSONNEL

If Arkansas is your Home of Record and you are stationed outside of Arkansas, you are still required to file an **AR1000F** reporting all of your income, including U.S. active duty military compensation. However, active duty military compensation is exempt from Arkansas tax beginning in tax year 2014. (If you are stationed in Arkansas and your Home of Record is another state, Arkansas does not tax your U.S. active duty military compensation.)

U.S. active duty military compensation includes wages received by members of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, and Reserve Units.

DEPENDENTS

You may claim as a dependent any person who received over half of his or her support from you, earned less than \$4,050 in gross income, and was your:

Child	Stepchild	Mother	Father	Grandparent	Brother
Sister	Grandchild	Stepbrother	Stepsister	Stepmother	Stepfather
Mother-In-Law	Father-In-Law	Brother-In-Law	Sister-In-Law	Son-In-Law	Daughter-In-Law

Or, an individual (other than your spouse) who, for the tax year of the taxpayer, had the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer and was a member of the taxpayer's household. Or, if related by blood: Uncle, Aunt, Nephew, Niece. The term "dependent" includes a foster child if the child had as his principal place of abode the home of the taxpayer and was a member of the taxpayer's household for the taxpayer's entire tax year.

The term "dependent" does not apply to anyone who is a citizen or subject of a foreign country UNLESS that person is a resident of **Mexico or Canada.**

If your child/stepchild was under age 19 at the end of the year, the \$4,050 gross income limitation does not apply. Your child/stepchild may have earned any amount of income and still be your dependent if the other dependency requirements in this section were met.

If your child/stepchild was a student under age 24 at the end of the calendar year, the \$4,050 gross income limitation does not apply. The other requirements in this section must be met.

To qualify as a student, your child/stepchild must have been a full-time student for five (5) months during the calendar year at a qualified school, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service.

If your dependent died during the tax year, you may claim the full amount of tax credit for the dependent on your tax return regardless of when the death occurred during the year.

Arkansas has adopted Internal Revenue Code §151(c)(6) regarding the tax treatment of kidnapped children.

INSTRUCTIONS

THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR GUIDANCE ONLY AND DO NOT STATE THE COMPLETE LAW

WHO MUST FILE A TAX RETURN

If your	NTS (Use Form AR1000F) and your	file if GROSS
MARITAL STATUS	FILING STATUS	INCOME*
is:	is:	is at least
Single (Including divorced and legally separated)	Single	\$11,970
	Head of Household with 1 or no dependents	\$17,019
	Head of Household with 2 or more dependents	\$20,287
Married	Married Filing Joint with 1 or no dependents	\$20,187
	Married Filing Joint with 2 or more dependents	\$24,295
	Married Filing Separately	\$5,099
Widowed in 2015 or 2016, and not	Qualifying Widow(er) with 1 or no dependents	\$17,019
remarried in 2017	Qualifying Widow(er) with 2 or more dependents	\$20,287

*Gross income is all income (before deductions) other than income specifically described as exempt on pages 9 and 10 "Exempt From Income Tax."

Exception: The \$6,000 exemption on retirement income and the exemption on military income as described on page 10 are included in gross income.

If your gross income was less than the amount shown in the last column for your filing status, you are not required to file a return. **However, you must file a return to claim any refund due.**

NONRESIDENTS (Use Form AR1000NR)

Nonresidents who received any taxable income from Arkansas sources **must** file a return (regardless of marital status, filing status, or amount).

PART YEAR RESIDENTS (Use Form AR1000NR)

Part year residents who received any taxable income while an Arkansas resident **must** file a return (regardless of marital status, filing status, or amount).

WHEN TO FILE

You can file your calendar year original tax return any time after December 31, 2017, but NO LATER THAN April 15, 2018, (unless an extension has been granted).

If you file a fiscal year tax return, your return is due NO LATER THAN three and one-half (3 ½) months following the close of the income year.

NOTE: The date of the postmark stamped by the U.S. Postal Service is the date you filed your return.

If the due date of your return falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the return will be considered timely filed if it is postmarked on the next business day.

Statute of Limitations – Refunds. An amended return or claim for refund of an overpayment must be filed by the taxpayer within three (3) years from the time the return was filed or two (2) years from the time the tax was paid, whichever is later.

IF YOU NEED MORE TIME

If you request an extension of time to file your federal income tax return (by filing **federal Form 4868** with the IRS) you are entitled to receive the same extension on your Arkansas income tax return. The federal automatic extension extends the deadline to file until October 15th.

The Department no longer requires that a copy of **federal Form 4868** be attached to your state tax return. When your Arkansas return is complete and ready to file, simply check the box on the face of the return indicating you filed a federal extension.

If you do not file a federal extension, you can file an Arkansas extension using Form **AR1055-IT** before the filing due date of April 15th. **Inability to pay is not a valid reason to request an Arkansas extension.** Send your request to:

Individual Income Tax Section ATTN: Extension P.O. Box 3628 Little Rock, AR 72203-3628 NOTE: The maximum extension that will be granted to an individual on an AR1055-IT is one hundred and eighty (180) days, extending the due date until October 15th.

When you file your return, check the box indicating you filed a state extension. If the box on the front of your return is not checked, you will not receive credit for your federal or state extension.

An extension extends the amount of time to file your return, but does not extend the amount of time to pay. Any tax due must be paid by April 15, 2018 to avoid failure to pay penalty and interest.

Payments made on extension should be made using the voucher attached to Form AR1055-IT.

See Page 15 for information on penalties and interest.

EXEMPT FROM INCOME TAX

NOTE: List exempt income on AR4, Part III. (You do not need to list exclusion amounts from numbers 10-12.)

 Money you received from a life insurance policy because of the death of the person who was insured is exempt from tax.

NOTE: You must include as taxable income any interest payments made to you from the insurer (the insurance company that issued the policy).

- Money you received from life insurance, an endowment, or a private annuity contract for which you paid the premiums is allowed cost recovery pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §72.
- Amounts you received as child support payments are exempt from tax.
- Gifts, inheritances, bequests, or devises are exempt from tax.
- Scholarships, fellowships, and grants are taxed pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §117. (Stipends are fully taxable.) For additional information on scholarships, fellowships, and grants see instructions for Line 20 on Page 13.

- Interest you received from direct United States obligations, its possessions, the State of Arkansas, or any political subdivision of the State of Arkansas is exempt from tax. Obligations include bonds and other evidence of debt issued pursuant to a government unit's borrowing power. (Interest received on tax refunds is not exempt income, because it did not result from a debt issued by the United States, the State of Arkansas, or any political subdivision of the State of Arkansas.) Interest from government securities paid to individuals through a mutual fund is exempt from tax.
- Social Security benefits, VA benefits, Workers' Compensation, Unemployment Compensation, Railroad Retirement benefits and related supplemental benefits are exempt from tax.
- 8. The rental value of a home or the housing allowance paid to a duly ordained or licensed minister of a recognized church is exempt to the extent that it was used to rent or provide a home. The rental value of a home furnished to a minister includes utilities furnished to the minister as part of compensation. The housing allowance paid to a minister includes an allowance for utilities paid to the minister as part of compensation to the extent it was used to furnish utilities in the home.
- Disability income MAY BE exempt from tax pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §104.
- 10. Beginning with tax year 2014, U.S. active duty military compensation is exempt from tax. To claim the exemption, you must file a return and report all of the income you received during the year.
- 11. If you received income from an employer sponsored retirement plan, including disability retirement, that is not exempt under IRC §104, the first \$6,000 is exempt from tax. If you contributed after-tax dollars to your plan, you are allowed to recover your cost (investment) in your retirement plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §72. Then the first \$6,000 of the balance is exempt from tax. (If you received income from military retirement, you may adjust your figures if the payment included Survivor's Benefit Payments. The amount of adjustment must be listed on the income statement, and supporting documentation must be submitted with the return.)
- 12. If you received a traditional IRA distribution after reaching age fiftynine and one-half (59 1/2), the first \$6,000 is exempt from tax. Your traditional IRA distribution may be adjusted for nondeductible IRA contributions, if any, by completing Federal Form 8606 and attaching it to your Arkansas return. Premature distributions made on account of the participant's death or disability also qualify for the exemption. All other premature distributions or early withdrawals including, but not limited to, those

taken for medical expenses, higher education expenses or a first-time home purchase do not qualify for the exemption.

A surviving spouse qualifies for the exemption; however he/she is limited to a single \$6,000 exemption.

NOTE: Total exemptions from all plans described under 11 and 12 cannot exceed \$6,000 per taxpayer, not including recovery of cost.

 Beginning with tax year 2017, income received by a taxpayer under the Community Match Rural Physician Recruitment Program is exempt from income tax.

Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are not included as income and the 3% withholding is excluded from Line 37. To determine if your gambling winnings are taxable, see instructions for Line 20, Page 13.

FILING AN AMENDED RETURN

If filing an amended return, check the box at the top right corner of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR/AR1000S. Complete the return, replacing the incorrect entries from your original return with the amended entries. Attach an explanation and supporting documentation for items changed. (Do not file an amended return until after your original return has been processed.)

Amended return needed:

- to make changes or adjustments to your original return
- if the IRS examines your federal return for any tax year and changes your net taxable income (required to file an Arkansas amended return within 180 days of IRS notification)

Amended return NOT needed:

- to correct an address (You must provide a completed Individual Income Tax Account Change Form located on our website at www.dfa.arkansas.gov)
- to correct a Social Security Number (Call (501) 682-1100 or write to Individual Income Tax Section, P.O. Box 3628, Little Rock, AR 72203. You may be asked to provide documentation.)
- if you are notified by the Income Tax Section that there is an error on your original return
- if filing a federal amended return with no impact on your Arkansas income tax return

FILING STATUS

DETERMINE YOUR FILING STATUS

BOX 1. Filing Status 1 (Single)

Check this box if you are SINGLE or UNMARRIED and DO NOT qualify as HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. (Read the instructions for BOX 3 to determine if you qualify for HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD.)

BOX 2. Filing Status 2 (Married Filing Joint)

Check this box if you were MARRIED and are filing jointly. IF YOU ARE FILING A JOINT RETURN, YOU MUST ADD BOTH SPOUSES' INCOME TOGETHER. Enter the total amount in column A on Lines 8 through 20 under "Your/Joint Income".

MARRIED COUPLES—CHOOSING THE BEST FILING STATUS

If you and your spouse had separate incomes, you might save money by figuring your tax separately using one of the following two methods. Use the method that suits you best.

METHOD A.

List your income separately under Column A ("Your Income"). List your spouse's income separately under Column B ("Spouse's Income"). Figure your tax separately and then add your taxes together. See instructions for Married Filing Separately on the Same Return, Box 4.

If you use Method A, your result will be either a COMBINED REFUND or a COMBINED TAX DUE.

METHOD B.

You must file separate individual tax returns. See instructions for Married Filing Separately on Different Returns, Box 5.

If you use Method B, one of you may owe tax and the other may get a refund. The tax due must be paid with the proper tax return and the refund will be due on the other return. YOU MAY NOT OFFSET ONE AGAINST THE OTHER.

BOX 3. Filing Status 3 (Head of Household)

To file as Head of Household you must have been unmarried or legally separated on December 31, 2017 and meet either 1 or 2 below. The term "Unmarried" includes certain married persons who lived apart, as discussed at the end of this section.

 You paid over half the cost of keeping a home for the entire year that was the main home of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent. Your parent did not have to live with you in your home.

OR

- You paid over half the cost of keeping a home in which you lived, and in which one of the following also lived, for more than six (6) months of the year (temporary absences, such as vacation or school, are counted as time lived in the home):
 - Your unmarried child, grandchild, greatgrandchild, adopted child or stepchild. This child did not have to be your dependent, but your foster child must have been your dependent.
 - Your married child, grandchild, adopted child or stepchild. This child must have been your dependent.
 - c. Any other person whom you could claim as a dependent.

MARRIED PERSONS WHO LIVED APART

Even if you were not divorced or legally separated in 2017, you may be considered unmarried and file as Head of Household. See Internal Revenue Service instructions for Head of Household to determine if you qualify.

BOX 4. Filing Status 4 (Married Filing Separately on the Same Return)

Check this box if you were married and are filing SEPARATELY ON THE SAME TAX RETURN. This method of tax computation may reduce your tax liability if both spouses had income. The result will be either a combined refund or a combined tax due.

IF ONE SPOUSE HAD A TOTAL NEGATIVE INCOME, YOU MUST FILE MARRIED FILING JOINTLY.

BOX 5. Filing Status 5 (Married Filing Separately on Different Returns)

Check this box if you were married and are filing separate tax returns.

BOX 6. Filing Status 6 [Qualifying Widow(er)]

Check this box if you are a QUALIFYING WIDOW(ER).

You are eligible to file as a QUALIFYING WIDOW(ER) if your spouse died in 2015 or 2016 and you meet each of the following tests:

- You were entitled to file MARRIED FILING JOINTLY or MARRIED FILING SEPARATELY ON THE SAME RETURN with your spouse for the year your spouse died. It does not matter whether you actually filed a joint return.
- 2. You did not remarry before the end of 2017.
- You had a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child who qualified as your dependent for the year.
- You paid more than half the cost of keeping a home, which was the main home of that child for the entire year except for temporary absences.

DECEASED TAXPAYER

An Arkansas tax return should be filed for a taxpayer who died during the tax year as if the taxpayer had lived the entire year. The word "DECEASED" should appear after his/her name along with the date of death.

NOTE: Any refund check issued to a deceased taxpayer will be made out to the estate of the deceased taxpayer, i.e. "Estate of John/Jane Doe". To cash the check, the bank may require documentation such as death certificate, will, or power of attorney.

PERSONAL TAX CREDITS

LINE 7A. Each taxpayer and spouse is entitled to one personal tax credit. You can claim additional personal tax credits if you can answer "Yes" to any of these questions:

Is your filing status **Head of Household** or **Qualifying Widow(er)?**

On January 1, 2018, were you age **65 or over?**On December 31, 2017, were you **deaf?**On December 31, 2017, were you **blind?**

Check the box or boxes that apply to you and/or your spouse. You CANNOT claim any of these credits for your children or dependents.

Blindness is defined as being unable to tell light from darkness, having eyesight in the better eye not exceeding 20/200 with corrective lens, or having a field of vision limited to an angle of 20 degrees.

You can claim the **Deaf** Credit only if the average loss in speech frequencies (500 to 2000 Hertz) in the better ear is 86 decibels, I.S.O., or worse.

Any taxpayer **age 65 or over** not claiming a retirement income exemption on Line 17 is eligible for an additional **\$26** (per taxpayer) tax credit. Check the box(es) marked "65 Special".

Add the number of boxes you checked on Line 7A. Write the total in the box provided. Multiply the number by **\$26** and write amount in space provided.

LINE 7B. List the name(s) of your dependent(s), Social Security Numbers, and relationship to you in the space provided. DO NOT INCLUDE YOURSELF AND/OR YOUR SPOUSE. The individual(s) you can claim as dependent(s) are described on Page 8. (Attach schedule if more than 3 dependents.)

Add the number of dependents listed on Line 7B. Write the total in the box provided. Multiply the number by **\$26** and write that amount in the space provided.

LINE 7C. If one or more of your dependents had developmental disabilities, enter his/her name(s) on the line. Multiply \$500 by number of dependents with developmental disabilities. Enter the total. (Individual must qualify for credit. See Form **AR1000RC5** to check if eligible.)

NOTE: You must attach Form
AR1000RC5 to your return if
this is the first year you claim
the Credit for Individuals with
Developmental Disabilities.

A certified **AR1000RC5** must be filed with your tax return every five **(5)** years. If credit was received on a prior year's return, do not file another **AR1000RC5** until the Individual Income Tax Section notifies you.

LINE 7D. Total the tax credits from Lines 7A, 7B, and 7C. Enter the total on this line and on Line 32.

INCOME

FULL YEAR RESIDENTS

If your filing status is Married Filing Separately on the Same Return, both Column A and Column B must be used. Write your income in Column A and your spouse's income in Column B. For all other filing statuses, write all income in Column A only.

NONRESIDENTS AND PART YEAR RESIDENTS

Complete Column A (and Column B if using Filing Status 4) of the **AR1000NR** as if you were a full year resident. List all of your income from all sources for the entire year in these two columns.

List in Column C the total combined income (for both spouses) earned while Arkansas residents and income derived from Arkansas sources.

The total tax must be computed on the income totals in Columns A and B. After all allowable tax credits have been subtracted from the total tax, prorate the remaining balance. See instructions for Lines 36A, 36B, 36C, and 36D on Page 14.

NONRESIDENTS AND PART YEAR RESIDENTS MUST ATTACH A COPY OF YOUR FEDERAL RETURN, OR YOUR ARKANSAS RETURN WILL NOT BE PROCESSED.

Round all amounts to the nearest dollar. (For example, if your Form W-2 shows \$10,897.50, round to \$10,898. If your Form W-2 shows \$10,897.49, round to \$10,897.)

Staple the state copy of each of your W-2(s) and 1099-R(s) to the left margin of the front of the return.

LINE 8. Add the wages, salaries, tips, etc. reported on your W-2(s). Enter the total on this line. **Attach W-2(s).**

Enter U.S. Military Compensation on Line 9A or 9B.

Ministers Income:

If you were a duly ordained or licensed minister, you received a housing allowance from your church, and you do not file a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, enter your gross compensation from the ministry less rental value of your home. The balance is subject to tax. The rental value of your home must be shown on Form AR4, Part III. Attach AR4 and W-2(s).

LINE 9A. Beginning with tax year 2014, all of the service pay or allowance received by an active duty member of the armed services is exempt from Arkansas income tax. If you had **U.S. active duty military compensation**, enter gross amount in the space provided. **Do not** enter an amount in Column A. **Attach W-2(s)**.

Filing Status 2 (Married Filing Joint): If you and your spouse both had U.S. active duty military compensation, add both gross amounts together and enter here.

Enter U.S. Military Retirement on Line 17A.

LINE 9B. (Filing Status 4 Only) If your spouse had U.S. active duty military compensation, enter gross income in the space provided. Do not enter an amount in Column B. Attach W-2(s).

Enter U.S. Military Retirement on Line 17B (filing Status 4 only).

HOME OF RECORD OTHER THAN ARKANSAS:

If your Home of Record is not Arkansas, do not report to Arkansas your income or your nonresident spouse's income. Fill out and submit **AR-NRMILITARY** Form to have a note put on your account that you are not required to file a return

Your spouse's income is exempt from Arkansas tax if your Home of Record is not Arkansas and your spouse's domicile is the same as your Home of Record

However, if your spouse had Arkansas income tax withheld, he/she will need to file a return to get a refund. Write the words "military spouse" at top of tax return and attach a completed Form **AR-MS** and a copy of service member's Leave and Earning Statement (LES) to verify Home of Record.

(For future tax purposes, your nonmilitary spouse must submit a new payroll withholding form, **ARW-4MS** to his/her employer each year to exempt withholding.)

LINE 10. If you received interest from bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, savings and loan association deposits, and credit union deposits, enter all interest received or credited to your account during the year. If the total is over \$1,500, complete and attach Form AR4.

LINE 11. If you received dividends and other distributions, enter amounts received as dividends from stocks in any corporation. **If the total is over \$1,500, complete and attach Form AR4.**

LINE 12. Enter alimony or separate maintenance received as the result of a court order.

LINE 13. If you had business or professional income and filed a **federal Schedule C or C-EZ**, enter the total dollar amount(s) of net income (or loss) from your federal Schedule C or C-EZ. If you did not file a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, submit a similar schedule and enter the net income (or loss).

If you filed a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, attach it to your return.

Business income may not be split between you and your spouse unless a partnership was legally established. Report partnership income on Form AR1050 and attach K-1(s) for each partner.

Include on Line 20, Other Income, any federal/state depreciation differences.

LINE 14. If you had gains or losses from the sale of real estate, stocks or bonds, or gains or losses from capital assets from partnerships, S corporations, or fiduciaries, enter your taxable share. Adjust the amount of gain or loss for any federal/state depreciation differences.

Arkansas did not adopt the federal "bonus depreciation" provision from previous years. Therefore, there may be a difference in federal and Arkansas amounts of depreciation allowed. Adjust your gains and losses for depreciation differences, **if any**, in the federal and Arkansas amounts on Lines 2, 5 and 10 of the Arkansas Form **AR1000D.**

If, after the netting process, you had a capital gain or loss reported on **federal Schedule**D or on Form 1040/1040A, use Arkansas Form

AR1000D to determine the taxable amount to enter. Attach federal Schedule D and

Arkansas Form AR1000D to your return.

The amount of capital loss that can be deducted after offsetting capital gains is limited to \$3,000 (\$1,500 per taxpayer for filing Status 4 or 5). If your capital loss was more than the yearly limit on capital loss deductions, you can carry over the unused part to later years until used up.

The gain on the sale of your personal residence is exempt up to \$250,000 per taxpayer (\$500,000 for married couples filing on the same return). The property must, during the 5 year period ending on the day of sale, be owned and used by the taxpayer(s) as the principal residence for periods aggregating 2 years or more.

LINE 15. Enter the ordinary gain or (loss) from Part II of federal Form 4797. Adjust for any differences in Arkansas and federal depreciation. The capital loss limit does not apply. Attach federal Form 4797 and/or 4684 if applicable.

LINE 16. Use this line to report taxable lump-sum distributions, annuities, and traditional IRA distributions. Include early withdrawal of traditional IRA distributions on this line. List only the amount of withdrawal and attach the federal Form 5329 showing the tax on premature distribution. Also, enter ten percent (10%) of the tax from the federal Form 5329, Part I and Part II, on Line 30. If you received a distribution which does not qualify for the Lump-Sum Distribution Averaging Schedule (AR1000TD), list the total distribution received in 2017. (See AR1000TD to determine if you qualify to use the averaging method.) Attach 1099-R(s).

Premature distributions are amounts you withdrew from your traditional IRA, deferred compensation, or thrift savings plans before you were either age $59 \frac{1}{2}$ or disabled. Rollovers on distributions are tax exempt.

NOTE: If you filed a claim under McFadden v. Weiss or Maples v. Weiss and your basis has been fully recovered, enter the amount from Box 1 of your 1099-R(s) as the "Gross" and "Taxable Amount" on Line 17A or 17B.

LINE 17A. If you had income from an employment-related pension plan or a qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the gross amount(s) from Box 1 of your 1099-R(s) in the space provided. Enter the federal taxable amount from Box 2a of your 1099-R(s) in the space provided. If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of your distribution. You are entitled to a **\$6,000** exemption from the taxable amount; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17A, Column A. **Attach 1099-R(s).**

FILING STATUS 2 (Married Filing Joint) ONLY: If you and your spouse both had income from a retirement plan and/or qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the combined gross income amount from Box 1 of your 1099-R(s). Enter the combined federal taxable amount from Box 2a of your 1099-R(s). If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of your distribution. Both you and your spouse are entitled to a \$6,000 exemption from your respective taxable retirement plan income; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17A. Attach 1099-R(s).

LINE 17B. FILING STATUS 4 (Married Filing Separately on the Same Return) ONLY: If your spouse had income from an employment related pension plan or a qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the gross income from Box 1 of his or her 1099-R(s). Enter the federal taxable amount from Box 2a of his or her 1099-R(s). If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of his or her distribution. Your spouse is entitled to a **\$6,000** exemption from the taxable amount; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17B. **Attach 1099-R(s).**

You are eligible for the **\$6,000** exemption for retirement or disability benefits provided the distribution was from public or private employment-related retirement systems, plans, or programs. **(The recipient does not have to be retired.)** The method of funding is irrelevant. The exemption may be taken from either lump-sum or installment payments. The early withdrawal penalty may be applicable even though the exemption is granted.

If you received a traditional IRA distribution after reaching the age of fifty-nine and one-half (59 1/2), the first **\$6,000** is exempt from tax. Premature distributions made on account of the participant's death or disability also qualify for the exemption. All other premature distributions or early withdrawals including, but not limited to, those taken for medical expenses, higher education expenses, or a first-time home purchase **do not** qualify for the exemption.

Note: If you made nondeductible contributions to your traditional IRA, enter taxable amount from federal Form 8606 in the space provided. **Attach federal Form 8606.**

LINE 18. If you had income from rents, royalties, estates or trusts, profits (whether received or not) from partnerships, fiduciaries, small business corporations, etc., enter the amounts as reported on your federal Schedule E. If you are filing a return for a taxable year that is not the same as the annual accounting period of your partnership or trust, report your distributive share(s) of net profits in the accounting period that ends in your taxable year. Attach federal Schedule E.

Nonresident beneficiaries pay tax only on Arkansas income.

LINE 19. If you had farm income, enter the amount reported on your federal Schedule Farm income may not be split between you and your spouse unless a partnership was legally established. Partnership income must be reported on Form AR1050, with K-1(s) for each partner. Attach federal Schedule F.

LINE 20. Enter net other income/loss and depreciation differences. Attach Form AR-OI. Some examples of what must be reported are:

Gambling winnings of any type, with the following exception: Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are not included as income and the 3% tax withheld is excluded from Line 37.

Reimbursement of medical expenses from a previous year: if you itemized deductions in that year and it reduced your tax.

Amounts recovered on bad debts that you deducted in an earlier year.

Net operating loss (NOL) from an earlier vear to carry forward to 2017: enter as a negative amount on Form AR-OI. Attach a statement showing how you calculated the amount of loss and the year the loss occurred. A net operating loss may be carried forward for five (5) years. (NOL carrybacks not allowed.)

Scholarships, fellowships, and grants:

A qualified scholarship, fellowship, or grant is exempt from tax only if:

- You were a candidate for a degree at an educational institution, and
- Received a qualified scholarship, fellowship, or grant.

A qualified scholarship, fellowship, or grant is any amount you received that was used under the terms of the grant for:

- Tuition and fees required for enrollment, or
- Fees, books, supplies and equipment required for the course(s) at the educational institution. (These items must have been required of all students in that course.)

Foreign students who are exempt from federal taxes because of a tax treaty must file and pay tax on all income including non-qualified scholarship or fellowship income.

Stipends are taxable.

LINE 21. Add Lines 8 through 20 and enter total in the appropriate columns on this line. This is your Total Income.

ADJUSTMENTS

LINE 22. If you are claiming an adjustment from the list below, use Form AR1000ADJ and include the total on this line. Attach Form AR1000ADJ.

Border city/Texarkana exemption **Tuition Savings Program** Payments to IRA Payments to MSA

Payments to HSA

Deduction for interest paid on student loans Contributions to Intergenerational Trust

Moving expenses

Self-employed health insurance deduction KEOGH, Self-employed SEP and Simple Plans Forfeited interest penalty for premature withdrawal Alimony/Separate Maintenance Paid

Support for permanently disabled individual

Organ Donor Deduction Military Reserve Expenses

Reforestation Deduction

Teachers Qualified Classroom Investment Expense

LINE 23. Subtract Line 22 from Line 21, Total Income. Enter amount on this line. This is your Adjusted Gross Income (AGI).

LINE 24. Enter the amount(s) from Line 23, Columns A and B.

TAX COMPUTATION

LINE 25. SELECT THE PROPER TAX TABLE and check the appropriate box. You will be in one of the following categories:

- You qualify for the Low Income Tax Table, or
- You must use the Regular Tax Table

See tax tables and qualifications for each table on pages 22-28.

If you use an exclusion for active duty military compensation, employer sponsored pension income, or a qualified traditional IRA distribution. you do not qualify for a Low Income Tax Table. You may elect NOT TO USE the exclusion(s) to which you are entitled and use a Low Income Tax Table if you fall within the income limits.

Caution: If you qualify to use a Low Income Tax Table, enter zero (0) on Line 25, Column A. (The **Standard Deduction is already** built into the table.)

If you use the regular tax table, enter the larger of your itemized deductions (from Form AR3) or your Standard Deduction on Line 25.

Itemized Deductions:

To compute your itemized deductions, complete Form AR3 and attach it to your return. Make sure that your total itemized deductions exceed the Standard Deduction. (For Form AR3 instructions see pages 16-17 of this booklet.)

NOTE: If you are filing Status 4 or 5 and one spouse itemizes, then both spouses must itemize. (If you are filing status 5 and your spouse itemizes on a separate

return, check the appropriate box.)

Standard Deduction:

The Standard Deduction for your filing status is the amount shown below. (If the amount on Line 24 is less than the Standard Deduction, enter the amount from Line 24 on Line 25.)

Filing Status	Standard <u>Deduction</u>
1 –Single	\$2,200
2-Married Filing Joint	\$4,400
3-Head of Household	\$2,200
4-Married Filing Separately on Same Return	\$2,200 each
5 –Married Filing Separately on Different Returns	\$2,200
6 –Qualifying Widow(er)	\$2,200

NOTE: The \$2,200 Standard Deduction does not apply to taxpayer's dependent(s).

LINE 26. Subtract Line 25 from Line 24. This is your Net Taxable Income.

LINE 27. Using the appropriate tax table locate the tax for your income and enter here.

LINE 28. Add Lines 27(A) and 27(B) and enter the total.

LINE 29. If you received a lump-sum (total) distribution from a qualified retirement plan during 2017, you may be eligible to use the averaging method to figure some of your tax at a lower rate. Read the instructions for Form AR1000TD to determine if you are eligible to use this method. If so, complete Form AR1000TD and enter amount here. Attach Form AR1000TD.

LINE 30. Taxpayers subject to additional tax on their federal return from a traditional IRA or employer qualified retirement plan are subject to additional tax on their state return. Enter ten percent (10%) of the federal amount from Part I of federal Form 5329. Be sure to enter total distribution(s) from Part I, Form 5329, on Line 16 or 17 of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR.

Taxpayers subject to additional tax on a distribution from a Coverdell Education Savings Account, include ten percent (10%) of the federal amount from Part II of federal Form 5329 on this line. Be sure to include the taxable amount of the Coverdell Education Savings Account distribution on Line 20 of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR (Other Income).

LINE 31. Add Lines 28 through 30 and enter the total.

TAX CREDITS

LINE 32. Enter the total personal tax credits from Line 7D.

LINE 33. The Child Care Credit allowed is twenty percent (20%) of the amount allowed on your federal return. A copy of federal Form 2441, "Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses" must be attached to your Arkansas return.

If you are claiming the Early Childhood Program Credit on Line 41, the total amounts from Line 33 and Line 41 can not exceed (20%) of the amount allowed on federal Form 2441.

LINE 34. Complete Form **AR1000TC** if you are eligible for any credit(s) listed below and include the total on this line. **Attach Form AR1000TC**.

State Political Contribution Credit Other State Tax Credit Credit for Adoption Expenses Phenylketonuria Disorder Credit Business Incentive Tax Credit(s)

LINE 35. Add Lines 32 through 34 and enter the total.

LINE 36. Subtract Line 35 from Line 31. This is your **Net Tax**. If Line 35 is greater than Line 31, enter zero (0).

If Total Credits on Line 35 is more than Total Tax on Line 31, the difference is not refundable.

NOTE: If your net tax is \$1,000 or more, and you failed to make a declaration of Estimated Tax (Form AR1000ES, Voucher 1), or pay withholding equal to 90% of your net tax, a penalty of ten percent (10%) will be assessed. See instructions for Lines 50A and 50B for more information.

PRORATION

IF FILING A FULL YEAR RESIDENT RETURN, go to instructions for Line 37. The instructions for Line 36A through Line 36D apply only to nonresidents and part year residents.

NONRESIDENTS AND PART YEAR RESIDENTS ONLY, read the following instructions to determine your correct Arkansas tax liability. Attach a complete copy of your federal return.

LINE 36A. Enter adjusted gross income from Line 23, Column C.

LINE 36B. Enter total of Columns A and B from Line 23.

LINE 36C. Divide amount on Line 36A by amount on Line 36B to arrive at your Arkansas percentage of income. Enter percentage as a decimal rounded to six places. **Do not exceed 100%**.

Example: \$2,500/\$525,000 = 0.004762 or \$10,000/\$60,000 = 0.166667

LINE 36D. Multiply amount on Line 36 by decimal on Line 36C for Arkansas apportioned tax liability

PAYMENTS

LINE 37. Enter Arkansas tax withheld from your W-2(s)/1099(s). You have already paid this amount of tax during the year. If you have MORE THAN ONE W-2/1099, be sure to add the Arkansas income tax withheld from all W-2(s)/1099(s). Enter the total withheld.

IF YOU AND YOUR SPOUSE ARE FILING ON THE SAME RETURN, add the Arkansas state income tax withheld from all your W-2(s)/1099(s). Enter the combined total withheld.

If you did not receive (or lost) your W-2(s) and Arkansas tax was withheld from your income, you should take the following steps IN THE ORDER LISTED BELOW:

- Ask your employer for copies of your W-2(s). If you cannot obtain them from your employer you should
- Contact the Social Security Administration at (800) 772-1213.
 Only if you cannot obtain your W-2(s) from your employer or SSA you may
- Complete federal Form 4852 and attach a copy of your final pay stub to support your amounts.

CAUTION: You WILL NOT receive credit for tax withheld or receive a tax refund, unless you attach CORRECT AND LEGIBLE W-2(s) or other approved documentation to your tax return.

DO NOT include FICA, federal income tax, tax paid to another state or 3% tax withheld from winnings on electronic games of skill. Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are **not** included as income and the 3% tax withheld is **excluded** from Line 37.

DO NOT correct a W-2 yourself. Your employer must issue you a corrected W-2.

LINE 38. If you made an estimated declaration and paid estimated tax payments on 2017 income OTHER THAN wages, salaries, tips, etc., write the total paid in this space. The only amount to enter here is total payments you made on a 2017 Declaration of Estimated Income Tax (includes January 15, 2018 installment and/or credit brought forward from 2016 tax return).

DO NOT include PENALTIES OR INTEREST as part of the amount paid.

If you and your spouse filed a JOINT declaration and you and your spouse choose to file your tax returns on separate forms this year, payments made under the joint declaration of estimate will be credited to the primary filer.

If you are filing prior year tax returns past the due date of the tax return, the refund/overpayment from those tax returns cannot be carried forward as estimated tax.

LINE 39. If you filed an Arkansas extension request and paid tax with your request, enter the amount paid.

LINE 40. PREVIOUS PAYMENTS: This line is for amended returns only. Enter the total of any previous payment(s) made with your original return and/or billing notices and amended return(s).

LINE 41. Enter the APPROVED Early Childhood Program Credit (20% of the federal child care credit). This is for individuals with a dependent child placed in an APPROVED child care facility while the parent or guardian worked or pursued employment. (Facility must be approved by the Arkansas Department of Education as having an appropriate early childhood program as defined by Arkansas law.) Enter the certification number and attach federal Form 2441 and Certification Form AR1000EC. Contact your child care facility for Form AR1000EC.

If you are claiming the Early Childhood Program Credit on Line 41, the total amounts from Line 33 and Line 41 can not exceed (20%) of the amount allowed on federal Form 2441.

LINE 42. Add the amounts on Lines 37,38,39,40 and 41. This is your **TOTAL PAYMENTS.**

LINE 43. PREVIOUS REFUND: This line is for amended returns only. Enter the total of any previous refund(s) from your original return and amended return(s).

LINE 44. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42. This is your **ADJUSTED TOTAL PAYMENTS.**



State of Arkansas

Department of Finance and Administration
Sales and Use Tax Section

CONSUMER USE TAX FORM

If you purchased taxable merchandise outside the State of Arkansas for use, storage, consumption or distribution within the state, a state and local consumer use tax may be due on the purchase price, including transportation charges. Due to the rapid increase in purchases being made through mail order, telephone, and the Internet, it has become a concern that individuals may not be aware of their obligation to report the consumer use tax on untaxed out of state purchases. Examples of merchandise subject to the consumer use tax include cassettes, CD's, books, furniture, jewelry, food, and clothing.

The use tax is a companion tax to the sales tax whose purpose is to not only raise revenue for the state, but more importantly to protect local merchants, who must collect sales tax, from the unfair advantage of out of state sellers who do not collect Arkansas's sales tax. The use tax has been in effect since 1949.

The use tax rate is the same as the sales tax rate, 6.50% for all transactions except food purchases which has a reduced rate of 1.5% plus the applicable city and/or county rates where the merchandise is delivered in the state. The tax applies to the purchase price of the merchandise plus any shipping and handling charges that the merchant adds to your bill. If the total tax due is greater than \$100 per month, the use tax report should be filed on a monthly basis. If the total tax due is \$25 - \$100 per month, the use tax report should be filed on a quarterly basis. If the total tax due is less than \$25 per month, the use tax report should be filed on an annual basis.

Line 1 Indicate the month and year you are reporting. (mm/yyyy)

Report all taxable purchases except food in Column A, food purchases are reported in Column B.

- Line 3 Fill in the County Rate where you reside (Column A and/or Column B)
- **Line 4** Fill in the City rate where you reside. (Column A and/or Column B)
- **Line 5** Enter total rate the sum of lines 2 through 4. (Column A and/or Column B)
- Line 6 Enter total purchases (column A is for all items except food) (column B is for Food only)
- Line 7 Enter your total tax rate from line 5
- **Line 8** Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the product.
- Line 9 Add lines 8A and 8B and enter the total. (This is the TOTAL tax to remit with this report.)

If you have questions or need additional forms, please call the Sales and Use Tax Office at (501) 682-7104.

Individual Consumer Use Tax Report Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration	1. Report Period ► A B General State Reduced Food
Sales and Use Tax Section	Tax Tax
P. O. Box 8054, Little Rock, AR 72203	2. State Rate <u>6.500%</u> <u>1.500%</u>
Description of the second of t	3. County Rate +
Purchaser(s):	4. City Rate +
Social Security Number:	5. Total Tax Rate =
Home Address:	6. Purchases \$
	7. Total Tax Rate
City/State/Zip:	8. Total Tax \$
City/State/Zip.	
Phone Number:	9. TOTAL Tax Due \$
County of Residence:	Check here if this is an aviation purchase ► (Attach a copy of the bill of sale)
If you live outside the city limits check here ▶ ☐ If you live in a city other than what is shown in your mailing address above, please indicate that city here and use that tax rate to compute your tax	City and county rate may be obtained from our website. http://www.state.ar.us/salestax or by calling (501) 682-7104

Individual Consumer Use Tax Report	Report Period ▶
	А В
Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration Sales and Use Tax Section	General State Reduced Food Tax Tax
P. O. Box 8054, Little Rock, AR 72203	2. State Rate <u>6.500%</u> <u>1.500%</u>
	3. County Rate +
Purchaser(s):	4. City Rate +
Social Security Number:	5. Total Tax Rate =
Home Address:	6. Purchases \$
	7. Total Tax Rate
City/State/Zip:	8. Total Tax \$
City/State/Zip.	
Phone Number:	9. TOTAL Tax Due \$
County of Residence:	Check here if this is an aviation purchase ► (Attach a copy of the bill of sale)
If you live outside the city limits check here ▶	City and county rate may be obtained from our website.
If you live in a city other than what is shown in your mailing address above, please indicate that city here and use that tax rate to compute your tax	http://www.state.ar.us/salestax or by calling (501) 682-7104



State of Arkansas

Department of Finance and Administration
Sales and Use Tax Section

CONSUMER USE TAX FORM

If you purchased taxable merchandise outside the State of Arkansas for use, storage, consumption or distribution within the state, a state and local consumer use tax may be due on the purchase price, including transportation charges. Due to the rapid increase in purchases being made through mail order, telephone, and the Internet, it has become a concern that individuals may not be aware of their obligation to report the consumer use tax on untaxed out of state purchases. Examples of merchandise subject to the consumer use tax include cassettes, CD's, books, furniture, jewelry, food, and clothing.

The use tax is a companion tax to the sales tax whose purpose is to not only raise revenue for the state, but more importantly to protect local merchants, who must collect sales tax, from the unfair advantage of out of state sellers who do not collect Arkansas's sales tax. The use tax has been in effect since 1949

The use tax rate is the same as the sales tax rate, 6.50% for all transactions except food purchases which has a reduced rate of 1.5% plus the applicable city and/or county rates where the merchandise is delivered in the state. The tax applies to the purchase price of the merchandise plus any shipping and handling charges that the merchant adds to your bill. If the total tax due is greater than \$100 per month, the use tax report should be filed on a monthly basis. If the total tax due is \$25 - \$100 per month, the use tax report should be filed on a quarterly basis. If the total tax due is less than \$25 per month, the use tax report should be filed on an annual basis.

Line 1 Indicate the month and year you are reporting. (mm/yyyy)

Report all taxable purchases except food in Column A, food purchases are reported in Column B.

- **Line 3** Fill in the County Rate where you reside (Column A and/or Column B)
- Line 4 Fill in the City rate where you reside. (Column A and/or Column B)
- **Line 5** Enter total rate the sum of lines 2 through 4. (Column A and/or Column B)
- Line 6 Enter total purchases (column A is for all items except food) (column B is for Food only)
- **Line 7** Enter your total tax rate from line 5
- **Line 8** Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the product.
- Line 9 Add lines 8A and 8B and enter the total. (This is the TOTAL tax to remit with this report.)

If you have questions or need additional forms, please call the Sales and Use Tax Office at (501) 682-7104.

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2	Addres		ou Live (See Sec oust draw map.)	ction "C" B	elow)			Lot # City/To	own	County		State	Zip Code
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4	Date o					5	Home & V	ork Phone Nu	umbers (Optional) (W)	6	Party Af	filiation	(Optional)
7	E-mail	Address (Op	Month Day tional)	· Ye	ear			8 Have	e vou ever voted in a fede	eral election in this State?	☐ Yes	s 🗆	No
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Deadline Information

To qualify to vote in the next election, you must apply to register to vote 30 days before the election. If you mail this form, it must be postmarked by that date. You may also present it to a voter registration agency representative by that date. If you miss the deadline you will not be registered in time to vote in that election. *Please don't delay. Make sure your vote counts*.

If you are qualified and the information on your form is complete, you will be notified of your voting precinct by your local County Clerk.

Mail the completed form to:

Arkansas Secretary of State
ATTN: Voter Registration
P. O. Box 8111
Little Rock, 72203-8111

Questions?
Call your local County Clerk
or
Arkansas Secretary of State
Mark Martin
Elections Division - Voter Services
1-800-482-1127

Contact your County Clerk if you have not received confirmation of this application within two weeks

REFUND OR TAX DUE

LINE 45. If Line 44 is more than Line 36 on Form **AR1000F** or Line 36D on Form **AR1000NR**, you overpaid your tax. Write the difference here. If you want a refund only, skip Lines 46 and 47 and enter the amount of your refund on Line 48.

LINE 46. You can apply part or all of the tax you OVERPAID in 2017 to your tax in 2018. Enter the amount you would like to have carried forward. The overpayment will be applied directly to your 2018 estimated account. If you wish to apply only part of Line 45 to pay 2018 tax, you will be issued a refund for the balance of your overpayment.

NOTE: The amount you carry over to pay 2018 taxes will only be credited to the primary filer. It cannot be divided between the primary filer and spouse.

LINE 47. If you wish to contribute a portion or all of your overpayment to one or more of the programs listed below, complete Schedule AR1000-CO and enter total amount of your donation. Attach Schedule AR1000-CO after Form AR1000F/AR1000NR.

Area Agencies on Aging Program
Arkansas Disaster Relief Program
Arkansas Game and Fish Foundation
Arkansas Schools for the Blind and Deaf
AR 529 College Investing Plan
Baby Sharon's Children's Catastrophic Illness Program
Military Family Relief Program
Newborn Umbilical Cord Blood Initiative
Organ Donor Awareness Education Program

LINE 48. Subtract Lines 46 and 47 from Line 45. This is the amount of your **REFUND.**

Get your refund faster with direct deposit. For direct deposit to your checking or savings account, you must enter your routing and account numbers and check the box for either checking or savings. If you checked the box ultimately placing your direct deposit into a foreign account, stop here. Direct deposits will not be deposited into accounts outside the United States; this includes Puerto Rico, Guam and the Virgin Islands.

The State of Arkansas is not responsible for the misapplication of a direct deposit that results from error, negligence or malfeasance on the part of the taxpayer, the provider or preparer, financial institution or any of their agents.

Check your form carefully, since any error could prevent your bank from accepting your direct deposit. Refunds that are not direct deposited because of Institutional refusal, erroneous account or routing transit numbers, closed accounts, bank mergers or any other reason are issued as paper checks. While the State of Arkansas ordinarily processes a request for direct deposit, it reserves the right to issue a paper check and does not guarantee a specific date for deposit of the refund into the taxpayer's account.

The Director is allowed 90 days from the return due date or the date the return was filed, whichever occurs later, to refund an overpayment of tax without interest (Act 262 of 2005).

SET OFF REFUNDS

If you, your spouse, or former spouse owes a debt to one of the agencies below, all or part of your refund is subject to being withheld to satisfy the debt. You will receive a letter advising which agency has claimed your refund.

Any housing authority
Arkansas circuit, county, district, or city courts
AR colleges, universities, and technical institutes
Arkansas Highway and Transportation Dept.
Arkansas Public Defender Commission
Arkansas Real Estate Commission
County tax collectors or treasurers
Department of Finance and Administration
Department of Health
Department of Human Services
Employee Benefits Division of DFA
Internal Revenue Service
Office of Child Support Enforcement
Office of Personnel Management of DFA

It is the agency's responsibility to refund any set off amount paid to the agency in error.

If you owe a debt for Arkansas income tax, your federal refund may be captured to satisfy your state income tax debt.

NOTICE TO MARRIED TAXPAYERS:

If only one of the married taxpayers owes the debt, the taxpayer who is not liable can avoid having his/her refund applied to the debt if both taxpayers file Status 5, Married Filing Separately on Different Returns.

LINE 49. If Line 36 of Form **AR1000F** or Line 36D of Form **AR1000NR** is more than Line 44, you owe additional tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 36 of Form **AR1000F** or Line 36D of Form **AR1000NR**. Enter amount here. This is the **TAX YOU OWE**.

LINE 50A and 50B. UNDERESTIMATE PENALTY: If required enter the exception number from Part 3 of the AR2210, or the computed penalty from Line 18 of AR2210 in the appropriate box. If you completed AR2210A, enter "6" in box 50A. Enter amount from Line 46 of AR2210A in box 50B.

Form AR2210 or AR2210A must be attached and the exception number entered in box 50A to claim any exclusion from the Underestimate Penalty.

LINE 50C. Add Lines 49 and 50B. Enter total on this line.

Your tax return will not be legal and cannot be processed unless you SIGN IT.

Write in the DATE. If you and your spouse are filing a joint tax return or filing separately on the same return, both of you must sign it.

If someone else prepares your return, that person must sign and complete the Paid Preparer section. If you prepare your own return, **DO NOT** use this section.

PAYMENT INFORMATION

Complete Form **AR1000V** (available at **www.dfa.arkansas.gov**) and attach a check or money order to your return. Write the tax year and your Social Security Number or account number on the check or money order, and make your check payable in U.S. Dollars to the Department of Finance and Administration. Mail on or before April 15, 2018. If the payment is for an amended return, mark the box yes on Form **AR1000V** for "Is Payment for an Amended Return".

Credit card payments may be made by calling **1-800-2PAY-TAX**SM (1-800-272-9829), or by visiting **www.officialpayments.com** and clicking on the "Payment Center" link.

Credit card payments will be processed by Official Payments Corporation, a private credit card payment services provider. A convenience fee will be charged to your credit card for the use of this service. **The State of Arkansas does not receive this fee.** You will be informed of the exact amount of the fee before you complete your transaction. After you complete your transaction you will be given a confirmation number to keep with your records.

NOTE: Do not send currency or coin by mail.



PENALTIES & INTEREST

You must mail your tax return by April 15, 2018. Any return not postmarked by April 15, 2018 (unless you have an extension) will be delinquent. A penalty of one percent (1%) per month for failure to pay and five percent (5%) per month for failure to file, up to a maximum of thirty-five percent (35%), will be assessed on the amount of tax due on an original return. Interest of ten percent (10%) per year will also be assessed on any additional tax due, calculated from the original due date to the date you paid the tax due on an original or amended return.

An extension to file is not an extension to pay. If you have not paid the amount due by the original due date you will be subject to a failure to pay penalty of one percent (1%) per month of the unpaid balance.

In addition to any other penalties assessed, a penalty of **\$500** will be assessed, if any taxpayer files what appears to be a return, but the return does not contain information on which the correctness of the return may be judged, and such conduct is due to a position which is frivolous or an effort to delay or impede the administration of any State law.

ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS INSTRUCTIONS (FORM AR3)

MEDICAL AND DENTAL EXPENSES

List only amounts you paid and for which you were not reimbursed

LINE 1. Enter total medical and dental expenses, less reimbursements from insurance or other sources. See chart on Page 17 for examples of deductible and nondeductible expenses.

LINE 2. Enter total amount from Form **AR1000F/AR1000NR**, Lines 24A and 24B.

LINE 3. Multiply Line 2 by **10%** (.10), Otherwise enter zero (0).

LINE 4. Subtract line 3 from line 1; if more than line 1, enter 0.

TAXES

LINE 5. You may deduct real estate taxes you paid on property you own that was not used for business. Do not include any special assessments or levy taxes.

Some taxes you cannot deduct are:

Arkansas income taxes
Car tags
Cigarette and beverage taxes
Dog licenses
Estate taxes
Federal income taxes
Federal Social Security taxes
Hunting and fishing licenses
Improvement taxes
Sales taxes

LINE 6. Taxes you may deduct on this line:

City income taxes
Mississippi gambling taxes
Personal property taxes
Taxes paid to a foreign country on income taxed on this return

LINE 7. Add the amounts on Lines 5 and 6.

INTEREST EXPENSE

LINE 8. You may deduct the home mortgage interest paid to a bank or other financial institution.

The deduction is generally limited to interest attributable to a debt for not more than the cost of the principal, and/or second residence, plus improvements.

LINE 9. Deduct home mortgage interest paid to an individual on this line, and list that person's name and address.

LINE 10. Enter the amount of deductible points paid on this line. Deductible points are those that:

- Are incurred in the purchase or improvement of the taxpayer's principal residence; and
- Reflect an established business practice of charging points in the geographical area where the loan is made; and
- Do not exceed the number of points generally charged for the type of transaction. (Points paid in refinancing a mortgage must be amortized over the life of the loan.)

NOTE: In order to deduct the full amount of the points paid, payment of the points must be made from separate funds brought to the loan closing.

LINE 11. Enter deductible investment interest. The deduction is limited to the amount of investment income. Interest that is disallowed because of the limitation can be carried forward to the next year and deducted to the extent of the limitation in the carryover year. Attach federal Form 4952.

LINE 12. Add Lines 8, 9, 10, and 11.

CONTRIBUTIONS

LINE 13. Enter the total contributions you made by cash or check. If you gave **\$3,000** or more to any one organization, list the donee and amount given. If you have non-cash contributions of **\$500** or more, **attach federal Form 8283.**

LINE 14. In addition to other contributions, a deduction is allowed for the donated value of artistic, literary, and musical creations **if the following qualifications are met:**

- The taxpayer making the donation derived at least **fifty percent (50%)** of his/her current or prior year income from an art related profession;
- The fair market value of the art work has been verified by an approved independent appraiser, and a copy of the appraisal is attached;
- The artwork was donated to a museum, art gallery, or nonprofit charitable organization qualified under Internal Revenue Code § 501(C)(3) and located in the State of Arkansas; and
- The deduction for donated art work does not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the donor's gross income in the calendar year of donation.

LINE 15. List other deductible contributions:

- Unreimbursed amounts spent to maintain an elementary or high school student (other than a dependent or relative) in a taxpayer's home under a program sponsored by a charitable organization.
- A gift of property to a non-profit organization. Attach a description of the property, date of gift, and method of valuation. For each gift in excess of \$500, list any conditions attached to the gift, manner of acquisition, and cost or basis if owned by you for less than five (5) years.

NOTE: Payments to private academies or other schools for the education of dependents are not deductible as contributions.

LINE 16. If you made contributions in excess of **fifty percent (50%)** of your adjusted gross income, you may carry the excess deduction over for a period of five (5) years.

If you are deducting an excess contribution from a previous year, enter the amount and year of the original contribution.

LINE 17. Add lines 13, 14, 15, and 16.

CASUALTY AND THEFT LOSSES

LINE 18. The method of computing casualty or theft losses is the same as the federal method with the \$100 exclusion. The amount of each loss must exceed ten percent (10%) of your adjusted gross income. Attach federal Form 4684 and provide necessary supporting documents.

If you have a Disaster Loss in 2018 on property in a federal disaster area, you may elect to deduct the loss as an itemized deduction in 2017. If you elect to report the loss on your 2017 return, you cannot report the loss on your 2018 return.

A disaster loss is the only loss which may be carried back. You may amend your 2016 return to report a disaster loss incurred in 2017. If you elect to amend your 2016 return, you cannot report the loss on your 2017 return. If loss in federal disaster area, list location on Line 18.

LINE 19. Enter your Post-Secondary Education Tuition Deduction and **attach Form AR1075(s).**

MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS SUBJECT TO THE 2% AGI LIMITATION

LINE 20. Enter unreimbursed employee business expenses. Arkansas recognizes the federal mileage allowance for computing business travel expenses. **Attach federal Form 2106.**

LINE 21. Other deductions include:

Union or professional dues Tax return preparation fees Expenses for safety equipment Expenses of entertaining customers Tools and supplies Fees paid to employment agencies

Attach supporting schedule or statement.

LINE 22. Add Lines 20 and 21.

LINE 23. Enter combined amount from Form **AR1000F/AR1000NR**, Lines 24A and 24B.

LINE 24. Multiply Line 23 by 2% (.02).

LINE 25. Subtract Line 24 from Line 22. This is your total allowable miscellaneous deductions.

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS

LINE 26. Volunteer firefighters may deduct unreimbursed expenses of firefighting equipment required by the volunteer fire department and/or loss of value of personal property damaged or destroyed during volunteer firefighting activities. To qualify, you must have received less than \$5,000 total compensation for the taxable year from the volunteer fire department you served. This deduction may not exceed \$1,000 per volunteer firefighter.

LINE 27. Enter your other miscellaneous deductions not subject to the 2% AGI limit. **Attach detailed schedule of each deduction.**

LINE 28. Add Lines 26 and 27.

LINE 29. Add Lines 4,7,12,17,18,19, 25 and 28.

PRORATED ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

LINE 30. If you are married filing separately, Status 4 or 5, you must prorate your itemized deductions between spouses. Enter your AGI from Line 24, Column A and your spouse's AGI from Line 24, Column B of Form **AR1000F/AR1000NR**.

LINE 31. Add Lines 30A and 30B.

LINE 32. Divide Line 30A by Line 31 and enter the percentage here. **Round to the nearest whole percent.**

LINE 33. Multiply the total itemized deductions reported on Line 29 by your percentage on Line 32. Enter result here and on Form **AR1000F/ AR1000NR**, Line 25, Column A.

LINE 34. Subtract Line 33 from Line 29. Enter result here and on Form **AR1000F/AR1000NR**, Line 25, Column B. If you and your spouse are using Filing Status 5, this is the amount of the total itemized deductions your spouse is allowed to claim on his/her tax return.

Deductible vs. Non-deductible Medical Expenses

The chart below lists specific types of expenses and whether or not a deduction for the expense is permitted.

Deductible

Alcoholism, treatment of

Ambulance hire

Attendant to accompany blind

or deaf student

Chiropractor

Contact lenses

Contraceptives, prescription

Dental fees

Drug addiction, recovery from

Drugs, prescription

Eye examinations and glasses

Hearing aids

Insulin

Laser eye surgery

Long-term care expenses

Orthopedic shoes

Psychiatric care

Psychologist

Smoking, program to stop

Wheelchair

X-rays

Non-deductible

Anticipated medical expenses

Baby-sitting expenses to enable

parent to see doctor

Cosmetic surgery, unnecessary

Diaper service

Ear piercing

Electrolysis

Funeral expenses

Gravestone

Hair transplants, surgical

Health club dues

Hygienic supplies

Insurance premiums-loss of income

Insurance premiums-loss of limb

Marriage counseling

Maternity clothes

Spiritual guidance

Tattoos

Teeth, whitening

Toilet articles

Trips, general health improvement

1.	Enter the total interest you paid in 2017 on qualified student loans	1_	
2.	Enter the smaller of Line 1 above or \$2,500.	2_	
3.	Enter the amount(s) from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR , Line(s) 21A and 21B	3_	
4.	Enter total adjustments from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR , Line(s) 22A and 22B. (Do not include the deduction for interest paid on student loans, Line 6, AR1000ADJ .)	4_	
5.	Modified AGI. Subtract Line 4 from Line 3	5_	
	Note: If line 5 is \$80,000 or more and you are filing Status 1, 3, or 6 or \$165,000 or more and you are filing Status 2 or 4, STOP HERE. You cannot take the deduction		
6.	Enter: \$65,000 if filing Status 1, 3, or 6; \$135,000 if filing Status 2 or 4	6_	
7.	Subtract Line 6 from Line 5. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on Line 9, skip Line 8, and go to Line 10	7_	
8.	Divide Line 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if filing status 2 or 4). Enter result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places).	8_	
9.	Multiply Line 2 by Line 8	9_	
10.	Allowable Deduction: Subtract Line 9 from Line 2. Enter result here and on Form AR1000ADJ , Line 6	. 10_	
FIL	ING STATUS 4 ONLY		S
11.		11B_	Spouse
12.	Total amount paid from Line 112		
13.	Divide Line 11A by Line 12. Enter result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places) 13		
14.	Multiply Line 10 by the amount on Line 13. Enter here and on AR1000ADJ , Line 6, Column A14		
15.	Subtract Line 14 from Line 10. Enter here and on AR1000ADJ, Line 6, Column B	. 15_	

STUDENT LOAN INTEREST WORKSHEET

IRA PHASE OUT CHART				
IF YOUR FILING	YOUR ALLOWABLE TRADITIONAL IRA DEDUCTION			
STATUS IS:	Phases out when Arkansas AGI exceeds:	Will be zero when Arkansas AGI is:		
Single, Head of Household	\$62,000	\$72,000		
Married Filing on Same Return (Status 2 or 4), or Qualifying Widow(er)	\$99,000	\$119,000		
Married Filing on Separate Returns (Status 5)	\$0	\$10,000		
Nonactive Spouse (Income Computed Jointly)	\$186,000	\$196,000		

If your Arkansas AGI is within one of the above phaseout ranges, see IRS Publication 590 to figure your allowable IRA deduction.

SELF-EMPLOYED HEALTH INSURANCE DEDUCTION WORKSHEET

- Enter your net profit and any other earned income* from the business under which the
 insurance plan was established, less any deductions on Form AR1000ADJ, Line 10.............2
- 3. Enter the smaller of Line 1 or Line 2 here and on **Form AR1000ADJ, Line 9**. (Do not include this amount in figuring your medical expense deduction on the Itemized Deduction Schedule.).........3

MILEAGE AND DEPLETION ALLOWANCES

Mileage Allowance

Depletion Allowance

DEPRECIATION INFORMATION

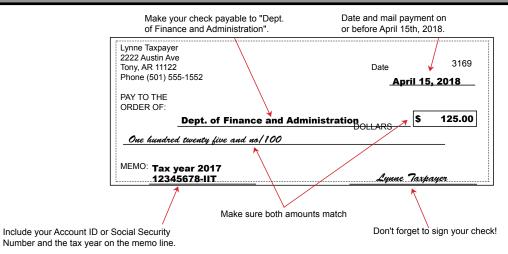
Section 179 Facts

Arkansas adopted IRC §179 as in effect on January 1, 2009, allowing greater dollar limits and phase out thresholds.

- Deduction Limit \$25,000
- ➤ Cost of qualifying property limit \$200,000
- No deduction allowed above \$225,000
- ➤ More than one property placed in service limit \$25,000 deduction per taxpayer per year
- Any cost not deducted in one year may be carried forward to next year
- > Deduction may not be used to reduce taxable income below zero

Note: Arkansas has not yet adopted the most recent federal changes.

HOW TO FILL OUT YOUR CHECK

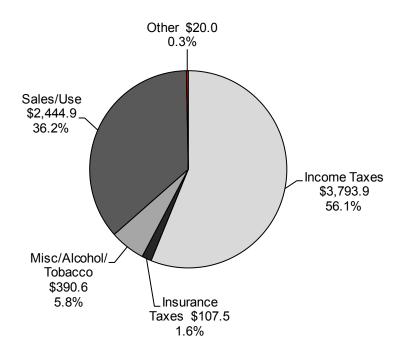


^{*}Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income. If you were more than a 2% shareholder in an S corporation, earned income is your wages from that corporation.

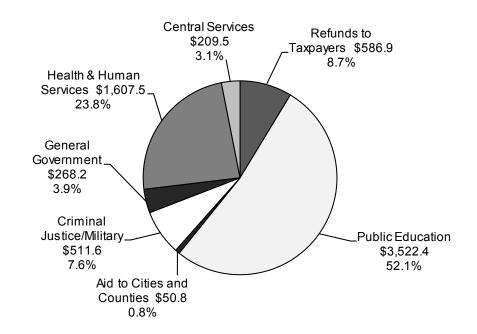
FOR TAXPAYERS' INFORMATION

Individual and corporation income taxes are the largest source of state general revenue.

\$6,756.9 MILLION GENERAL REVENUE TAX Where It Comes From:



\$6,756.9 MILLION GENERAL REVENUE TAX Where It Is Spent:



TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS

Your Rights As A Taxpayer

- You have the right to a full explanation of all actions by any employee of the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration both during an audit and during collection activities.
- All tax information contained in the records and files of the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration (hereinafter "Director") pertaining to you or your business is confidential subject to exceptions in Ark. Code Ann. § 26-18-303.
- You may represent yourself in any proceeding or interview before the Director or you may be represented by anyone whom you authorize in writing to be your representative.
- You have the right to consult with a lawyer, accountant, or other representative at any time during an interview with an employee of the Director. The Director shall suspend the interview to allow you to consult with your representative.
- You may record any interview with the Director or his or her employee at your own expense. You should let the Director or his or her employee
 know in advance of your intention to record the interview. The Director may likewise record an interview, and a copy may be obtained within a
 reasonable time at your expense.
- You may request an administrative review (file a protest) of any proposed assessment of tax. You must request this review in writing within 60 days of your receipt of a Notice of Proposed Assessment. The administrative review may be based on an in-person hearing, a telephone hearing, or consideration of written documents. If you do not request an administrative hearing, you may still pursue your judicial remedies by filing an action in the circuit court.
- If you receive an unfavorable decision from your administrative review, then you may request a review of the decision by the Director. This request must be in writing and must be received by the Director within 20 days of the mailing of the hearing decision. If you receive an unfavorable decision from the Director on any issue, you may pursue judicial remedies as discussed below.
- After the issuance of the Notice of Final Assessment or the final determination of the hearing officer or Director, you may appeal the tax assessment
 to circuit court, regardless of whether you protested the assessment and requested an administrative review. To pursue your appeal of a tax
 assessment to circuit court you must do one of the following:
- (1) File suit within 180 days of the date of the Notice of Final Assessment or final determination of the hearing officer or Director if the taxpayer does not make any payment of the tax, penalty, or interest due; or
- (2) Pay the entire amount of tax due within one year of the date of the Notice of Final Assessment or final determination of the hearing officer or Director and file suit within one year of the date of payment; or
- (3) File suit within one year of the date of the final determination of the hearing officer or Director to recover assessed tax, penalty, and interest paid prior to the time for issuance of the Notice of Final Assessment.
- A taxpayer may file an amended return or a verified claim for credit or refund of an overpayment of any state tax within three years from the date
 the return was filed or two years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. Any amended return or claim for refund should be filed with
 the office of the Revenue Division which administers the type of tax in question. The ability to file an amended return is not available to a taxpayer
 whose liability was determined as a result of an audit by the Department.
- If the Director disallows the refund claim either in whole or in part, the Director will issue a Notice of Claim Denial. You may request an administrative review (protest) of the Notice of Claim Denial. This request must be made within 60 days of your receipt of the Notice of Claim Denial. If you receive an unfavorable decision from your administrative review, you may request a review of the decision by the Director. This request must be made in writing within 20 days of the mailing of the hearing decision.
- Following an administrative hearing and corresponding review, the taxpayer may seek judicial relief from the Notice of Claim Denial by appealing
 the decision to circuit court. Judicial review is available whether or not you requested an administrative review. To pursue your appeal to circuit
 court, you must file suit within one year of the date of the mailing of the Notice of Claim Denial, the final determination of the hearing officer, or
 revision decision of the Director, whichever is later. If the Director fails to issue a written decision in response to the refund claim within six months
 of the date a claim for refund is filed, the taxpayer may then file suit to recover the amount claimed.
- Any taxpayer who wishes to file a request for administrative review (protest) of a proposed assessment or a complaint regarding any activity
 concerning the administration or collection of any state tax by the Revenue Division should make the protest or complaint in writing to:

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR POLICY AND LEGAL

Mailing Address: LEDBETTER BUILDING, ROOM 2440, P.O. BOX 1272, LITTLE ROCK, AR 72203-1272

Overnight Mailing Address: LEDBETTER BUILDING, ROOM 2440, 1816 W. 7TH ST., LITTLE ROCK, AR 72201

Email Address: protest@dfa.arkansas.gov Fax: (501) 683-1161

- In administering the state tax laws, the Director is authorized by law to make an examination or investigation of the business, books, and records of the taxpayer. If the Director determines that an additional amount of tax is due, then a Notice of Proposed Assessment shall be issued to the taxpayer. The taxpayer may seek relief from the Notice of Proposed Assessment as outlined above. If the taxpayer fails to preserve and maintain records suitable to determine the amount of tax due or to prove accuracy of any return, the Director may make an estimated assessment based upon the best information available as to the amount of tax due by the taxpayer.
- The Director may issue a jeopardy assessment against any taxpayer (1) whose tax liability exceeds any bond on file indemnifying the state for the payment of a state tax, (2) who intends to leave the state, remove his or her property, or conceal himself or herself or his or her property, (3) who intends to discontinue his or her business without making adequate provisions for payment of state taxes, or (4) who does any other act tending to prejudice or jeopardize the Director's ability to compute, assess, or collect any state tax. Any taxpayer seeking relief from a jeopardy assessment must request an administrative hearing within five days from the receipt of the Notice of Proposed Assessment.
- When collecting any state tax due from a taxpayer, the Director is authorized to file a Certificate of Indebtedness (state tax lien) with the circuit
 clerk of any county of this state certifying that the person named therein is indebted to the state for the amount of tax due as established by the
 Director. The Certificate of Indebtedness shall have the same force and effect as the entry of a judgment rendered by a circuit court and shall
 constitute a lien upon the title of any real and personal property of the taxpayer in the county where the Certificate of Indebtedness is recorded.
- After the filing of the Certificate of Indebtedness, the Director may take all steps authorized by law for the collection of the tax, including the
 issuance of a writ of execution, garnishment, and cancellation of any state tax permits or registrations.
- Any court costs or sheriff's fees which result from the Director's attempt to collect delinquent taxes shall be collected from the taxpayer in addition to the tax, interest, and penalties included in the Certificate of Indebtedness.

Revised 02/2016

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397207 State of Arkansas State Income Tax P. O. Box 1000 Little Rock, AR 72203-1000

PRESORTED STANDARD U.S. POSTAGE PAID STATE OF ARKANSAS

BEFORE YOU MAIL YOUR RETURN CHECKLIST

YOU MUST FILE BY APRIL 15, 2018

1.	Is your name and address correct on the preprinted color label? If so, it should be placed on the front of your return. (Use this label even if you take your return to another person for preparation or you use software to prepare it.) If not, did you enter the name(s) and address for you and your spouse in the space provided on the front of your return?
2.	Did you enter the correct Social Security Number(s) for you and your spouse? (You must enter the SSN(s) on the return whether you use the color peel off label or not.)
3.	Did you use the correct filing status column and the correct taxable income to find your tax from the tax table?
4.	Did you attach all W-2(s)?
5.	Did you add and subtract correctly when calculating refund or amount owed?
6.	Did you sign and date your return?
7.	Did you keep a complete copy of your return for your records? (Keep for 6 years).
8.	Have you mailed your return by APRIL 15, 2018?

PLEASE ALLOW UP TO 10 WEEKS FOR YOUR RETURN TO PROCESS.